

INDEX

- affective history, xi–xiii
 agriculture, 49–50, 158
 Alai, 171
 Alexander, André, 114, 141, 162–63
 Allen, Charles, xxii, 130, 147, 148–49
ambans (Imperial Commissioners), xxiii,
 20–21, 77, 140, 165, 173; murdered, 20,
 163, 201. *See also* Youtai; Zhang Yintang
amchi (doctor), 42, 173
 Amdo, xxxv, 18, 130, 138, 171, 173, 177, 183,
 201, 206
 America, xi, 43, 120; missionaries from,
 107; slang, 115; tourists from, xviii, 80,
 134, 144. *See also* Central Intelligence
 Agency (CIA); United States
 Andreyev, Alexandre, 148
 ants, 28, 125, 146
 Arabic influence, xiii, 45, 201
 archaeology, xvi, 125: of sentiment or soul,
 xii, 24
 aristocrats, 6, 7, 11, 18, 19, 22, 27, 35, 37,
 65, 67, 78, 125, 127, 132, 141, 142, 173–
 74, 192, 202, 203; Chinese aristocrat's
 view, 20, 146; and education in England,
 xxiv, 12, 15; feuds, 187–88; and *Simsha*
 style, 99. *See also* elites, writings
 associations, xi–xv, xvii, 30, 107. *See also*
 memories
 Atisha, 45, 161, 174
 Aufschnaiter, Peter, xv, 160, 174, 185
 autonomy, xxv, 79
 Banakshöl, 43, 175
 Barkor, 1, 24, 46, 61, 65, 73, 81, 97, 109,
 114; and *darchen*, 175, 180; repaved,
 101; water supply, 91, 168–69. *See also*
 Kytöpa; pilgrimage; protests (1987)
 Barkor Square, 8–9, 16, 42, 53, 72, 175
 bars, xxix, 82, 88, 90–91, 97, 106, 168,
 123. *See also* discotheques
 Bashevis Singer, Isaac, 117, 120
 Bass, Catriona, xv, 145, 175
 Bathang, 140, 150, 174, 175; *babas*, 175
 beer (*chang*), 66, 83, 126
 Beijing, 69, 79, 81, 83, 86, 101, 162, 184,
 189, 192; Buddhist ceremonies in, 172;
 time zone, 93
 Beijing Lu (street), 73, 76, 79, 101–2, 170
 Bell, Charles, 12, 144, 175–76
 Bemari (Hill of Rocks), 1, 55, 158–59, 176
 Benson, Linda, 139
 Berenson, Bernard, 29, 148
 Berry, Scott, 137, 142, 162
 Besant, Annie, xiv, 176
 Bharati, Agehananda, xiii
 Bhrikuti, Princess, 185, 198

- Bhutan, 55, 150, 193; consulate, 17
- Bishop, Peter, xiii, 129, 138, 146–47, 148
- Blavatsky, Madame Helena Petrovna, xiv, 129–30, 176
- Blondeau, Anne Marie, 160–61
- bodhisattvas*, 176; Manjusri (Jampeyang), 178
- Bonpo, 154, 176, 181, 184, 190
- boulevards, 77–78
- Brauen, Martin, 129
- Britain: and Chinese annexation (1950), xxiv; and Lungshar, 12–13, 137; spy network, 22–23, 142. *See also* British invasion (1904)
- British, 24; attitudes, 6, 133; diplomats, 6, 12, 17, 27, 78, 126, 133, 138, 144–45, 175; education in, xxiv, 12, 136; exclusion from history, xv; guns, 65; links with Tibet, 15, 22–23, 175; mission in Lhasa, 180, 182, 196, 198; spies, 22, 142, 182; Tibetan views of, 63–64; on Tibet's status, xxiv
- British invasion (1904), xxi, xxiii, 31–32, 56–57, 71, 102; and *ambans*, 20–21; and art objects, 203; and Chinese presence/influence, xxiii, 140; and communications technology, 17, 138; and deaths, xxii, 28, 32, 149–50, 179; and foreign writers, 27, 31–33, 103–4, 144–45, 189; justification, 179; and looting, 147–48; overview, xxi–xxii; and parks, 78; resources on, 130, 147–50
- brothels, 79, 90, 115, 118, 168
- Buddhism: Chinese interest in, 105–6, 172; Chinese intolerance of, xxix, 98, 106, 107; and circular structure, 61–62, 64; foreign writers on, 30–31, 35, 148, 150; policies on, xxix; political integration of, 14, 46, 137–38; and square view, 43, 45–46, 153. *See also* monasteries
- buildings, xii, xvi–xvii, 24, 45, 47, 53, 64, 67, 72; appropriation of, 72, 163; demolition, 20, 71–74, 81, 162–64, 199; demolitions for Barkor Square, 175; maps of change and demolition, 162–63; multistory, 1–2, 102, 116, 123, 170; new homes, 98; restoration, 114, 141, 162–63, 191, 195; rules for demolition, 91; in suburbs (1950s), 74–75, 97, 163–64; temporary structures, 74; work unit style, 179
- Bulag, Uradyn, 157
- butter, 30, 36, 65, 66, 158, 202
- cadre, 87, 98, 105–6, 117–20, 145, 176; definition, 169. *See also* government employees; officials
- Candler, Edmund, 144, 149
- Capuchins, 143–44
- CCP (Chinese Communist Party), 50, 87, 98, 117, 119, 169, 176; headquarters, 73, 74, 79; leadership by, 131; Tibetan Communists, 139–41, 152–53, 174, 192, 200; and Uighurs, 203. *See also* Communism; Third Plenary
- cement. *See* concrete
- Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), 18, 150, 184; OSS, 145
- central Tibet, xxvi, 153, 159, 176–77. *See also* Ü; Tsang
- Chab-gag Dorje Tsering, 50
- Chagpori (Iron Hill), 48, 55, 62, 67, 158, 177
- Chamdo, 19, 142, 177, 186, 189, 191, 193, 201
- Champa Tendar, 136, 177
- Champa Tenzin, 16–17, 177
- Chandni Chowk (Old Delhi), 79
- Chang, Tsan-Kao, 134
- Changchub Gyaltsen, 155–56
- Changngöpa, 19, 136, 177–78. *See also* Rugby School
- changthang*, 42, 179
- Chengdu, 116, 172, 179
- Chen Kuiyuan, 135, 168, 198
- Chiang Kai-shek, 18, 138, 178, 194
- China Daily*, 134, 165
- Chinese annexation/reclaiming (1950), xxiv–xxv, 38, 51, 65–66, 177, 194. *See also* Chinese presence/influence
- Chinese expulsion from Tibet (1912, 1949), xxiii, 21, 36, 136
- Chinese invasion (1910), xxii, xxiii, 11–12, 15, 136, 175, 200
- Chinese Military Headquarters (*junqu*), 21, 142, 186
- Chinese official discourse, 34–36, 134; and historical transformation beliefs, 35–36, 150–51; and “minority nationalities,” 7, 50, 133–34, 156–57; resources on, 133–34, 135; and visual impressions, 7–8, 134; and Wencheng as civilizer, 47, 48, 49–50, 157–58. *See also* Chiang Kai-shek; Guomindang

- Chinese presence/influence: and *ambans*, 20–21; and Chinese official discourse, 7–8, 47–48, 49–50, 157–58; contemporary literature, 171–72; cultural traditions eradicated, xxv–xxvi, 35, 38–39, 130, 152–53; as foreigners, xv, xvi; and historical transformation beliefs, 37–38; and interest in Buddhism, 105–6, 172; and Khyitöpa, 21–23, 142; liberalization policy (early 1980s), xxvi, 38, 77, 131, 190; and market economization, xxviii, 66, 87; military bases, 21, 142; mission to Lhasa (1934), 18, 21; pre-1950 limits of, 36–37, 151–52; and pre-1950 political diversity, 18–22, 140–41; and Retring coup attempt, 14–15; security policy change (early 1990s), xxvii–xxviii, 104–5; and square view, 4, 45–46, 154–55; tourism, xxix, 105–6. *See also* protests; officials; urban expansion
- Chinese sovereignty claims: ambiguity of, xxv, 36–37; and annexation (1950), xxiv–xxv; and Mongol dynasty, xxii–xxiii, 51; and Wencheng as civilizer, 51. *See also* Chinese official discourse; Chinese presence/influence
- chöd yön*, xxiii, 178
- chögyal*, 45, 108, 178
- Chongqing, 18, 19, 23, 178
- chos srid zung 'brel*, 137–38
- Christian fundamentalists/missionaries, 35, 36, 107, 118, 150; American, 107, 150; Korean, 107
- Chubagang, 141
- Chumik Shenko, battle of, 32, 178–79.
See British invasion (1904)
- CIA. *See* Central Intelligence Agency
- circular structure of city layout, 61–67
- city, vii, xii–xvi, xvi–xxviii, xxix, 1–2, 6, 7, 8, 11, 13, 17, 18, 22, 23, 24, 32, 46, 48, 49, 56, 57, 71–77, 80–83, 86, 90, 91, 97, 99, 101–2, 106–7, 108, 110, 113–16, 120, 123, 124, 125, 128, 132, 134, 138, 139, 141–47, 161–70. *See also* urban expansion
- civil war, 13–14, 136, 65; in China, xxii.
See also Retring coup attempt
- collective sentiment, 6, 13, 24
- communications technology, 17, 79, 116–17, 138, 145; broadcasting, 164; Tibetan expertise, 136. *See also* Internet; modernization; radio; television
- Communism: and historical transformation beliefs, 36, 38–39, 152; Indian, 142; and pre-1950 political diversity, 18, 19, 20, 140, 141; and square view, 45–46; Tibetan, 19–20, 140–41. *See also* Chinese presence/influence; Phuntsog Wanggyal
- concrete, 85–86, 99, 101, 166–67; and pollution, 85–86
- conservatives: in Tibetan government, xxiv
- counternarratives, xii
- Cultural Revolution, xxv–xxvi, 38, 85, 145, 152–53, 177, 179, 181, 183, 190, 192, 193, 196. *See also* cultural traditions eradicated
- cultural traditions eradicated, xxv–xxvi, 130; and Chinese official discourse, 35; and historical transformation beliefs, 38–39, 152–53
- Curzon, George Nathaniel, xxi, xxiv, 148, 179
- Dalai Lama I (Gendun Drub), 179
- Dalai Lama III (Sonam Gyatso), 160
- Dalai Lama V (Ngawang Lobsang Gyatso), 137, 156, 160–61, 179; relations with China, 178
- Dalai Lama VI (Tsangyang Gyatso), 20, 189–90, 202
- Dalai Lama X, 170
- Dalai Lama XIII (Thubten Gyatso) (1876–1933), xxiii–xxiv, 38, 202; assassination plan, 180; and Bell, 175; and British invasion, 20; conflicts, 11, 136; death of, 21; and education, 12, 177; exile of, xxiv, 12, 20, 179; and Kunphel-la, 187–88; and Lungshar, 190; and Russians, 148; and Tsarong, 202
- Dalai Lama XIV (Tenzin Gyatso) (1935–): autobiography of, 9, 11, 14, 133, 137; awaited, 110; Chinese attacks on, 135; and Chinese liberalization policy, xxvi; claims attacked, 104, 171; enthroned, 199; in exile, xxvi, 38, 77, 88–89, 93, 179, 199; family house, 101; and Harrer, 185; and Mao, 151; photographs, 98; and Phuntsog Tashi Takla, 19; on Phuntsog Wanggyal, 140; and protests, xxvii; replaced, 193; on Retring coup attempt, 14, 137; telephone and car, 17, 138; and *tsampa*, 99; and Uprising (1959), 201–2

- Dalai Lamas, 132, 174, 179, 183; and
ambans, xxiii; area of rule, 176; and
 historical transformation beliefs, 151
danwei (work unit), 74–75, 163, 170,
 179–80
darchen (prayer-flag pole), 46, 180
 David-Néel, Alexandra, 145, 162, 170
 Dawei Sherab, 140–41, 142, 146
Dbal bzhed, 151, 153, 155, 159
 De Andrade, Antonio, 143
 deaths/murders: of *ambans*, 20, 72, 163,
 202; from British invasion, xxii, 28, 32,
 148–50, 178; from civil war (1947), 137;
 of Demo, 180; executions (1912), 12,
 136, 203; executions (1987), xxvii; from
 protests (1987–89), xxvii, 17; of Retring,
 13, 137, 195; sentence, xxvii; of spy, 22; of
 Tashi Tsering, 81; from Tibetan Uprising
 (1959), xxvi, 202
 De Azevedo, Pimpim, 141, 162–63
 Dekyi Lingka (British residence), 17, 78,
 165, 180
 Dekyi Shar Lam (East Happiness Road/
 Beijing Dong Lu), 80
 Delhi, 79
 della Penna di Billi, Francesco Orazio,
 143
 Demo *hutuktu*, 11–13, 199; Demo IX, 180,
 200; Demo X, 140
 democratic reform. *See minzhu gaige*
 demoness view, 47, 53, 55–58, 124, 158–59,
 188, 196. *See also srinmo*; temple
 construction; Wencheng
 Deng Xiaoping: Four Cardinal Principles,
 131; and historical transformation
 beliefs, 38, 152; and liberalization
 policy, xxvi, 189, 201; and market
 economization, xxviii, 87. *See also*
 liberalization; Spring Tide
 Derong Tsering Dondrup, 171–72
densasum (three seats), 1, 62, 124, 131–32,
 161, 180
 Desideri, Ippolito, 143–44
 Dharamsala (India), 88, 93, 133, 180
 dirt. *See hygiene*
 discotheques, 67, 79, 80, 90, 168;
 nightclubs, 118, 123, 168
 divination, 41, 51–52, 53–54, 55, 57, 64,
 125, 153, 158, 204. *See also demoness*
view
dobdobs (police-monks), 65, 133, 162, 180
 Dode, 86, 180
 domestic labor, 99, 170
dorje (thunderbolt scepter, *vajra*), 30,
 180–81
 Dorje Yuthok, 5–6, 11, 18, 67, 102, 132–
 33; 141, 170, 181; stepson, 193. *See also*
 Surkhang Wangchen Gelek; Yuthok
 Tashi Dondrup
 Dorjief, Agvan (Dorzhiiev), 148
 dragons, 42, 55, 81, 103
 Drak Yerpa, 73
 Dram-mo (Dram, Zhangmu), 68, 80,
 88–89, 181, 182
 Drepung monastery, 1, 57, 179, 181; and
 circle around city, 62, 73; conflicts
 within, 11, 64–65; and flooding, 56,
 160; founding of, 161; name of, 131,
 number of monks, 181
 Drichu (Upper Yangtse), 119, 177, 181, 201.
See also Kham
 Drib, 142
dri-dug, 30, 181–82
 Duara, Prasenjit, 152
 Dungkar Lobsang Thrinley, 147
 Du Yongbin, 139, 140
 Dzungar Mongols, 32, 182
 Edinburgh, Scotland, 76–77
 electricity, generation of, 12, 187
 elite, xxix, 11–13, 18, 174; Sikkimese, 194,
 199. *See also aristocrats*
 empire: British, 44; Chinese, 3–7; Tibetan,
 xv, xxii, 32, 37, 43, 45, 46, 49, 56, 78,
 159, 205. *See also Taizong*; Tang
 English school (Gyantse), 23
 Epstein, Israel, 145
 ethnic divisions, 75, 164. *See also nation/*
nationality
 ethnography, xiii, 133; self-ethnography, 6
 exiles: base, 180; claims attacked, 104;
 exclusion from history, xv; flight to
 India (1959), xxvi; flight to India (1987
 onward), xxviii, 105; return to Tibet, 18,
 93; visitors to Lhasa, xvi; writings of
 aristocrats (in English), xiv–xv, 5–7, 9,
 11, 64, 90, 132–33
 Fei Xiaotong, 156
 feminine: British views of Tibetan, 146;
 Chinese views of Tibetan, 134; official
 in Tibet, 193; population (1904), 57,
 161; views of: 29, 50–51, 57, 124, 158–
 59. *See also srinmo*; Wencheng

- film, xii, xxvi, xiv, 16, 51, 80, 93, 103, 116–18, 136–37, 145, 149, 157–58. *See also Hong he gu; Lasa Wangshi*; television
- flamboyance, 101–3, 170
- Ford, Robert, xv, 142, 145, 146, 182; autobiography, 142
- foreign: definition of, xiv–xv; access, xix, xxvi, 80, 92–94, 107–8
- foreign contacts: contemporary, 109–11; dangers to Tibetans of, xvi, 34, 42–43, 52–53, 88–89; and liberalization policy, xv–xvi; and market economization, 67–69; personal memories of, 46–47, 62–64, 116–20, 126–27
- foreign writers, 27–39; and British invasion (1904), 27, 31–33, 144–45; Christian fundamentalists, 35, 150; defined, xiv–xv; and market economization, 103–4; misrepresentation by, xiii–xiv; moral dualism in, 27–33, 146, 148; and protests, xvii–xix, xxvii, 104–5, 109–10, 170–71; resources on, 129, 143–46. *See also* Chinese official discourse
- Four Cardinal Principles, 131
- four-sided view. *See* square view; kings of the four directions
- Fox, Reginald, xv, 142, 145, 182
- French, Patrick, 170
- Friendship Bridge, 68, 93–94, 182
- Friendship Store, 76
- Gampa-la, 127, 182
- Gampel Ri, 62, 131, 181, 182–83
- Ganden monastery, 1, 57, 62, 65, 161, 180; glossary entry, 183; name of, 132
- Ganden Podrang*, 174
- “garage” shops. *See* shops
- gardens, xi, 66, 67, 78, 99, 101, 165. *See also* parks
- Ge Fei, 149
- Gelder, Stuart, 145, 147
- Gelugpa school, 57, 98, 105, 132, 140, 179, 180, 183, 197, 203; and Dzungars, 181–82; from Kadampa school, 174
- Gendun Chöphel, 18, 23, 138–39, 143, 183, 201
- geomantic divination. *See* demoness view
- geraniums, 78, 165
- Gesar, King, 42, 55, 125, 153, 154–55, 183
- Geshe* (doctor of theology), 114, 183, 188; *Geshe* Lamrim, 114, 172, 183, 189
- Gladney, Dru, 134, 157
- Golden Yaks, 82–83, 103, 116
- Goldstein, Melvyn, 133, 135–36, 137–42 *passim*, 146, 162, 174, 180
- Golmud, 33, 181, 183–84
- Gompa Tsultrim Rinchen, 161
- gön-khang* (protector chapel), 30, 184
- gönpa* (monastery), 64, 184. *See also* monasteries
- government employees, xxviii, 98–99, 117–18, 169. *See also* cadre; officials
- Greene, Felix, 6, 134, 145
- Grenard, Fernand, 147
- grid structure, 72–74, 75–77, 123, 164
- Guangdong, 16
- Gumalingka. *See* Thieves’ Island
- Gungthang monastery, 161
- Guomindang (KMT; Nationalist Party), 19, 21–23, 142, 178. *See also* Chiang Kai-shek; Chinese official discourse; spies.
- Gushri Khan, 138, 161, 179
- gya* (or *Gyanag*, China), xxiii, 184, 205; *gya ma bod*, 120, 184
- Gyalo Thondup, 19, 184, 194
- Gyaltzen Ri, 62
- Gyama Trikhang, 48
- Gyantse, 17, 28, 125–27, 182, 184–85, 194, 196, 199
- Gyatso, Janet, 159
- Haddow, Arthur, 149
- Han, 157, 185; migrants, 164; usage of term, 185
- Han Suyin, 145, 164, 167, 169
- Harrell, Stevan, 134, 157
- Harrer, Heinrich, xv, 65, 74, 78, 145, 160, 185; and Aufschnaiter, 174; on perception of dirt, 146–47; on shopping, 65, 162
- Hedin, Sven, 31, 148, 185
- Hensoldt, Heinrich, 31, 148
- heqin* (political marriage), 157
- Hill of Rocks. *See* Bemari
- Hilton, Isabel, 153
- Hilton, James, xiv, 105, 197
- historical background, xxi–xxviii
- historical transformation beliefs, 35–39, 150–51, 152, 153
- homogeneity, 2; lack of, 17
- Hong he gu* (Red River Valley) (film), 149
- Hong Kong, xvii, 33, 90, 116
- Hopkirk, Peter, 145–46

- hotels, 2, 34, 79, 80, 88, 101–2, 125;
 book on Holiday Inn, 145; Holiday Inn,
 192. *See also* Banakshöl, Kirey, Lhasa,
 Kyichu, Mandala, Yak Hotel
- Huang Zhilung, 157
- Huber, Toni, 139
- Huc, *Abbé*, 144
- Hui (Chinese Muslims), 132
- Hu Jintao, 170
- hutuktu*, 12, 13, 185, 195
- Hu Xiaojiang, 168
- Hu Yaobang, 152–53
- hygiene, foreign perceptions of, 28–29,
 92, 107, 146–47, 169; Tibetan views
 of, 146–47
- imperialism, xv, xvi, 39, 44; adventurism,
 xxi; in architecture, 76–79
- independence: xxiv, 6, 170, 196, 198, 199;
 and Changchub Gyaltsen, 155–56; and
 protests, xvii; of Tibet (1913), xxii, 38;
 and Uighurs, 203–4
- India: xviii, xxvii, 42, 45, 55, 64, 150,
 155, 176; annexation of Sikkim, 194;
 architecture, 67, 74; British, xxi,
 32, 41, 175; and Chinese annexation
 (1950), xxiv; Dalai Lama XIII exile in,
 12; Dalai Lama XIV exile in, xxvi, 38,
 180; and Gendun Chöphel, 23, 139,
 143, 183; imported goods, 97, 162,
 169; intellectuals, 23, 45, 139, 142,
 151, 174; mission in Lhasa, 180; travel
 or flight to, xxvi, 15, 21, 27, 38, 105,
 127, 163, 193, 200, 201, 202. *See also*
 Kalimpong
- indigenous aesthetics: and flamboyance,
 101–3, 170; and multilayered culture,
 125–26; New *Simsha* style, 97–99, 169,
 198; parks, 99, 101; and steel girders,
 97, 169
- industry/factories, 50, 73, 85–86, 157,
 166–68. *See also* pollution
- Inner Mongolia, xxv, 75, 168
- internationalism, 17–18. *See also*
 modernization
- Internet, xix, xxix, 115, 172
- invasion/annexation, xxi, xxii, xxiii, xxiv,
 xxxvi, 9, 11, 17, 19, 23, 27, 32, 37, 51,
 76–78, 103, 130, 149, 174, 176–77,
 178–79, 180, 182, 185, 189, 199, 205;
 Japanese, 178. *See also* British invasion
 (1903–4); Chinese invasion (1910);
 Chinese sovereignty claims; Dzungar
 Mongols
- Iron Hill. *See* Chakpori
- Jammu Masjid (Old Delhi), 79
- Jamyang Sakya, 11, 27, 51, 78, 132, 185.
See also Sakya dynasty
- Japan/Japanese, xv, 18, 20, 22, 65,
 142; constitution, 143; imports, 162;
 occupation, 187. *See also* Kawaguchi;
 Kimura
- Jesuits, 143–44, 150
- Jetsun Pema, 132–33
- Jiang Xinxī, 23, 142–43
- Jinzhū Lu (street), 73
- Jokhang temple, 1, 21, 43, 56, 57, 67, 71,
 91, 102, 106, 159, 160, 175, 185–86;
 188; and circular structure of the city,
 61–62, 64; as city center, 73; lectures
 at, 140; and *Mönlam*, 191; turned into
 stables, 161. *See also* Jowo
- journalists, xiii, 80, 102, 103, 134, 145; and
 protests, xviii, 8, 16
- Jowo, 8, 185
- junqu* (Chinese Military Headquarters), 21,
 142, 186
- Kabshöpa, 15, 137, 138, 174, 186
- Kalachakra (Wheel of Time) Square. *See*
 New Potala Palace Square
- Kalimpong, 18, 110, 150, 186, 200
- kalön* (cabinet minister), xxiv, 6, 15, 19, 97,
 136, 186, 189, 199, 200, 202, 205; *silön*
 (prime minister), 198
- Karma Gönsar, 73, 98, 186
- Karma Kagyü school, 98, 186–87
- Karmay, Samten, 156
- Katsel, 159
- Kawaguchi, Ekai, 144
- Kham (Eastern Tibet), xxiv, xxxv, 11, 18–
 19, 130, 133, 172, 174, 177, 181, 187,
 198, 201
- Khampas, 24, 43, 187, 196
- Kimura, Hisao, xv, 137, 146, 177, 187;
 and moral dualism, 27; and Phuntsog
 Wanggyal, 23, 142–43; and pre-1950
 political diversity, 14, 18; on shopping
 and hand grenades, 65–66, 162; and
 spy network, 22, 142
- King, Louis, 133, 196
- kings of the four directions, 41–42, 153–55.
See also Gesar

- Kinnaur, 150, 200
 Kirey, 46, 53, 187; hotel, 175
 Kongpo, 55, 167, 187
 Korea, 106, 107
kuai (yuan), 117, 187
 Kunphel, 140, 187–88
 Kyibuk Wangdu Norbu, 136. *See also*
 Rugby School
Kyicho Kuntun, 12, 23, 188, 190
 Kyichu Hotel, 80
 Kyichu River, 42, 48–49, 55–56, 62, 67,
 97, 99, 184, 188; flooding, 160
 Kyishöd-Ö-tso (Lake of Milk), 55, 56, 188
 Kytöpa, xvii, 15–17, 21–23, 110, 142, 188

Labrang, 188
 Ladakh, 58; Muslims, 17
 Lake of Milk (Kyishöd-Ö-tso), 55, 56, 188
lama, 188, 196, 202
 Lamrim, 188–89
 Landon, Perceval, 27, 30–31, 36, 56, 66,
 144, 146, 148, 189; on marshes, 66, 162
 landscape divination. *See* demoness view
 Langdun family, 174
 language: architectural/urban, 71, 91,
 123; Chinese, 80, 89, 106, 133; in
 computers, 115; English, 15, 52, 81, 88–
 89, 107, 116, 133; foreign knowledge of
 Tibetan, 145, 146, 174, 175, 188, 196;
 graffiti, 114; Hindi, 183; names of bars,
 90–91; Sanskrit, 143; Tibetan: xxvi, xxix,
 81, 89, 119–20, 140; translation from
 Chinese, 151
Lasa Wangshi (film), 136–37
 League of Nations, 15, 138, 191
 legibility: 71; of a city, xii, 108
 Lenin, Vladimir, 140, 174
 Leshan, 105
 Lhading *Depön* (General), 178
lhakhang (temple), 67, 189
 Lhalu, 81, 189; pastureland and flooding,
 56, 160; Tsewang Dorje, 136, 177, 189
lha ma yin (demigods), 120, 189
 Lhamo Pemba, 138
 Lhasa: city gate, 71, 74; and flooding,
 56, 73, 160; founding of, 52, 58; as
 garden city, 165–66; multiple Lhasas,
 71; name of, 48, 56, 159–60; official
 definition, 132; pre-seventeenth
 century status, 57, 160–61; problems
 for foreigners, xvi; resources on, 156;
 and square view, 46; and Wencheng
 as civilizer, 48–49. *See also* demoness
 view; population
 Lhasa Hotel, 71, 193
 Lhatotori Nyentsen, 48, 189, 195
 Lhazang Khan, 20, 163, 189–90, 202
 liberalization policy (early 1980s), xxvi, 38,
 77, 131, 151, 181, 190; “soft rule,” xxvii
lingkas, 66–67, 99, 190. *See also* parks
 Lingkor, 20, 61–62, 73, 186, 190
 Lobsang Dorje, 136
 Lok Sabha (National Assembly, Delhi), 79
 London, xi, xviii–xix, 2, 17, 90, 94, 126,
 138, 196
 Long March (1934–35), 18
 Lopez, Donald, xiii, 129, 138–39, 146
 Loseling (Drepung), 11, 135
Lost Horizon (Hilton), xiii, xiv, 105
 Lubu, 20, 190, 204
 Lukhang, 67, 190
 Lungshar Dorje Tsegyal, 11–13, 15, 18, 23,
 136–37, 186, 188, 189, 190
 Luoga (Loga), 170

 Macdonald, David, 144, 146, 148
 Ma Jian, 171
 Ma Lihua, 139–40, 165, 171. 190–91
 Manchu, 140, 173; dynasty, xxiii, 20, 37,
 191. *See also* Qing dynasty
 Mandala Hotel, 22, 188. *See also* Kytöpa
Ma Ni bka 'bum, 154, 159
 Manning, Thomas, 143, 146
 Mao Zedong, 130, 152; and Chinese
 annexation, xxiv; and cultural eradi-
 cation of tradition, xxv, 130, 179;
 death of, 71; and Dalai Lama, 151; and
 historical transformation beliefs, 150–
 51, 152; and liberalization policy, xxvi;
 Maoism lost, 131, 201
 Maraini, Fosco, 29–31, 148, 191, 194
 market economization: and Chinese
 presence/influence, xxviii, 66, 87;
 and foreign contacts, 67–69; and
 foreign writers, 103–4; and private
 housing market, 98–99, 169; Spring
 Tide, 87–88, 167–68, 198; and urban
 expansion, 77, 87–88, 89–91, 167–68.
 See also modernization; Tromsikhang;
 new market
 Markham, Clements, 143
 Ma Rong, 74–75, 161, 163
 Marpori (Red Hill), 48–49, 55, 61, 62, 158,
 159–60, 191, 195

- Marx, Karl, 19, 120, 156; Marxism, 131, 152
 Maxim guns, xxii, 31–32, 125, 178
 Ma Yuan, 171
 McGovern, William Montgomery, 144
 McGranahan, Carole, 139
mchod yon. *See chöd yōn*
 McKay, Alex, 144–45
 media. *See* communications technology
Melong. *See Mirror, The*
 memories, xi–xiii, xv, xix, 39, 93, 109, 125–26; of *Amban Zhang*, 140; flattening of, 6, 72; map from, 162; “Remembering March 10th” (Oeser), 172; reordering of, 39, 153. *See also* associations
menkhang, 24, 191
 Mexican senator (Moreno), 7, 134
 mGar Tongtsen, 44, 47, 51, 83, 126, 154–55, 157, 159, 191
 migration, xxviii, 87, 98, 123, 132, 168; to America, 120; into Inner Mongolia, 75; of Tibetans into Lhasa, 164; into Xinjiang, 204
 Milarepa, 153
 mining, 167. *See also* industry
 Minyak Chökyi Gyaltzen, 114, 191
minzhu gaige, 38, 191
Mirror, The (Sargyur Melong) (newspaper), 18, 150, 200
Mirror Illuminating the Royal Genealogies, The, 146, 154–55, 157–58
 misreadings, xiii
 missionaries, 35, 36, 39, 107, 118, 143–44, 150, 192, 200. *See also* Christian fundamentalists
 modernist architectural style, 86–88, 89, 90
 modernization: and Chinese presence/influence, 18–20, 23, 38, 92; and communications technology, 17; contemporary, xix, xxviii–xxix, 1–2, 79–81, 101; and Dalai Lama XIII, xxiv, 190; and environmental pollution, 167; and Lungshar, 12, 13, 23, 190; modernity, 2, 29, 91, 125; and Retring coup attempt, 15. *See also* market economization; urban expansion
 monasteries, xxix, 1, 23, 56, 131–32, 180; and circular structure around the city, 62; closings, xxvi, 130; conflicts within, 11, 64–65, 135, 162; and demoness view, 57–58, 161; and Lhasa, 57; number of monks, 65, 132, 161, 183, 197; support of China, 135–36. *See also* Buddhism; *gōnpa*; Tengyeling
 Mondrong, 136, 203
 Mongol dynasty, xxii–xxiii, 37, 51, 205. *See also* Yuan dynasty
 Mongolia, xxiv, 20, 58, 161, 187
 Mongolians, 22, 45, 140; titles, 205. *See also* Dzungar Mongols; Gushri *khan*; Lhazang *khan*
 monks: flight to China, 12, 180; kidnapping homosexual partners, 65, 162, in Lhasa, 57; numbers, 65, 132, 183, 197; and protests, xviii, xxvii, 11–12, 14–15; “Maybe Monk,” 66–69. *See also* monasteries; *lama*
 Mönlam (Great Prayer Ceremony), 160, 191, 198; founding of, 161, 203
 monumental style, 78–79, 81–83, 165–66
 Morgan, Lewis Henry, 156
 multilayered: culture, xvii, 116–20, 123, 126; narratives, 6, 24
 Mu-ne Tsenpo, King, 154
 Murray, Gilbert, 15, 138, 191–92
 Murunyingpa, 46, 192
 mushrooms, plastic, 103, 124
 Muslims, 108; Tibetan, 22. *See also* Hui, Jammu Masjid; Ladakh; mosque; Uighur
Myth of Shangri-la, The (Bishop), xiii, 148
 myths, xvi 11, 35, 129, 136, 138, 146, 147, 148, 149, 157, 159, 197
nāgas, 49, 53, 75, 125, 158, 192
 Nanjing, 19, 23, 177, 178, 187, 192, 194
 narratives, xiii, 6, 24, 108; counternarratives, xii
 nation/nationality: xxii, xxiv, xxvii, xxxv, 15, 35, 42, 44, 47; and city architecture, 57, 75–76, 81, 123, 125, 131, 133; nation-state, xxii, 37, 39, 97, 104, 174; national unity, 81, 155, 157; nationalism, 6, 15, 17, 151; nationalities representation and policy, 7, 115, 133, 140, 156–57, 174, “nationality characteristics,” 50, 77, 86–87, 89; promises to, 203; success, 125; use of terms, 185
 National Assembly (Congress): Chinese, 177, 192, 193, 195; Tibetan, 138, 197, 199, 203
 Nationalist Party. *See* Guomindang (KMT)
 nature, control over, 49–50, 56, 57, 78, 124

- Nehru, Jawaharlal, xxiv
- Nepal, 53, 67, 150, 198; border, 182; consul pulled from horse, 186; consulate, 17, 57, 181; guerrilla base, 184; invasion of Tibet (1792), 176; queen, 48, 186; time zone, 93; tourists, 181. *See also* Dekyi Lingka; Shatra
- nested squares, 55–56, 159. *See also* square view; demoness view
- Ne'udong, 161
- New Potala Palace Square, 81–83, 85, 90, 101–2, 123, 165–66, 170, 186. *See also* Tashi Tsering (builder)
- New *Simsha* architectural style, 97–99, 169, 123, 198
- New Tibetan architectural style, 91–92, 123
- New York, 90, 117
- Ngapö Ngawang Jigme, xxiv, 97, 169, 177, 192; family status, 174
- Ngari, 177, 200, 203
- Ngawang Kesang, 19–20, 192–93
- Norbulingka (Summer Palace), 1, 62, 64, 67, 72–73, 78, 192; New Norbulingka, 99
- nuns, xxvii, 107, 161
- Nyangdren, 99, 193
- Nyemo, 187
- Oeser (Woese, Weise), 172
- officials, 68; British, 144–45, 196; Chinese: xvii, xviii, 105–6, 134, 196; Indian, 196; leftist, 152–53, 179, 195, 200; Tibetan, 11–13, 38, 98–99, 138, 188, 190; Tibetans in Chinese government, 187, 192; Westerners in Tibetan government, 174, 185; as yaks, 81–82. *See also* Chinese official discourse; government employees
- Pabongka, 99, 193
- Palden Gyatso, 133
- palm trees, 103, 124
- Panchen Lamas, 42, 183, 193, 19; Panchen Lama IX, 172, 193; Panchen Lama X (Chökyi Gyaltsen), 130, 153, 174, 193
- Pangdatshang. *See* Rabga
- Paris, 18, 78, 101
- parks, 21, 66–67, 73, 77, 78–79, 125, 162, 190; and indigenous aesthetics, 99, 101; *lingkas*, 190
- parties, xvii, 5–6, 65, 67, 101. *See also* picnics
- Party. *See* CCP (Chinese Communist Party); Tibet Progressive Party
- Pasang (Basang), 83, 152, 193
- Patterson, George, 150
- pa-wo* (hero), 68, 193
- Peaceful Liberation, 101, 116, 118, 153, 194. *See also* Chinese annexation (1950)
- Pemá Chöki, 29, 30, 148, 194
- People's Cultural Palace, 76, 126; as disco, 79, 90
- People's Park. *See* Shugtri Lingka
- People's Sports Stadium, 81
- People's Street, 74, 76, 102
- periodization. *See* historical transformation beliefs
- Persia, 42, 45, 155
- Petech, Luciano, xxiii, 130, 141, 143–44
- petty commerce, 87–88
- Phagmodrupa, 155
- Phala, 126, 194
- Phari, 28, 146, 194
- Phunrapba, 136, 203
- Phuntsog Tashi Takla, 19–20, 194
- Phuntsog Wanggyal, 18–20, 22, 23, 36, 110, 187, 192, 200; glossary entry, 174–75; on hygiene, 146; resources on, 133, 140–41, 142–43
- picnics, 91, 99, 101, 115, 123, 184. *See* parties; parks
- pilgrimage, 57, 61; circumambulation, 1, 42–43, 65, 71, 105, 175; Bonpo, 190. *See* Barkor; Lingkor
- PLA (People's Liberation Army), 38, 98, 116, 175, 177, 179, 194
- police, xviii, xxvii, 9, 15–17, 33, 52, 68, 80–81, 89, 93–94; police-monks, 65; tactics, xxvii, 104. *See also* Public Security, State Security
- political diversity pre-1950, 11–15, 23–24; and Chinese presence/influence, 18–22, 140–41; and internationalism, 17–18; and Lungshar, 12–13, 23, 136–37; and monastery conflicts, 11, 135; progressives, 18–19, 139–40; and Retring coup attempt, 13–15, 137, 196; and sacking of Tengyelung monastery, 11–12, 136, 200
- pollution, 85–86, 166–67
- population, xxix, 1, 57, 132, 161; Inner Mongolia, 75; of main monasteries, 65,

- population (*continued*)
 132, 161, 182; of migrants, 164;
 of Shigatse, 132
- Potala Palace, 1, 8, 13, 14, 28, 31, 49,
 56, 61, 62, 64, 66, 67, 74, 81, 107,
 156, 194–95; founding, 160, 161; sur-
 rounded, 164; World Heritage site, 91
- Potala Palace Square. *See* New Potala
 Palace Square
- pre-1950 Tibet: limits on Chinese
 presence/influence, 36–37, 151–52;
 parks, 78; trade, 65, 162. *See also* pre-
 1950 political diversity
- prisoners, xviii, xxvi, xxviii, 53, 68, 81, 93,
 104–5, 140, 183, 189, 192, 193
- Prisoners of Shangri-la* (Lopez), xiii
- progressives. *See* Gendun Chöphel;
- Kalimpong; Phuntsog Wanggyal; Rabga
 Pangdatsang; Tashi Tsering
- propaganda. *See* Chinese official discourse
- protests: and Chinese liberalization
 policy, xxvi–xxvii; in eighteenth-century
 Scotland, 77; environmental, 86, 166;
 exhausted, 79, 104–5, 116; explosion,
 105; and foreign writers, xvii–xix,
 xxvii, 104–5, 109–10, 170–71; personal
 memories of, 8–9, 15–17, 24–25, 33–34;
 in prisons, 68; resources on, 130–31;
 and security policy change (early
 1990s), xxvii–xxviii, 104–5; and urban
 expansion, 81–82, 165–66. *See also*
 civil war; Loseling; protests (1987);
 Tashi Tsering (builder); Tengyelung;
 Uprising (1959)
- protests (1987), xxvii, 22, 175; and Chinese
 liberalization policy, xxvi–xxvii; day
 after, 89; and foreign writers, xvii–xix,
 xxvii; personal memories of, 8–9, 15–
 17, 24–25, 33–34; resources on, 130–31
- Public Security, 195; building, 1, 102, 170.
See also police
- Qing dynasty, 76, 173, 178, 182, 185, 191,
 195; collapse, xxii, xxiii, 21, 38. *See also*
 Manchu dynasty
- Qinghai, 108, 155, 173, 183, 187, 195;
 plateau, 201
- Rabga Pangdatsang (Pomdatsang), 139,
 201
- Ragti (Raidi, Deputy Party Secretary), 83,
 152, 195
- radio, 17, 18, 22, 27, 65; Chinese definition
 of good, 135; operators, 142, 145, 182;
 tower, 177. *See also* communications
 technology
- radishes, 50, 156
- railway construction, xxix, 86, 183–84
- ra ma lug*, 120, 195
- Ramoche temple, 1, 57, 67, 102, 125, 160,
 195; turned into stables, 161
- Rasa, 159–60. *See* Lhasa, name of
- Red Hill. *See* Marpori
- “Reflections on the Current State of
 Theoretical Policy in Tibet” (Tibet Youth
 Association for Theory), 131
- regent, Tibetan, xxiv, 180, 185, 195–96,
 197, 199
- religion. *See* Buddhism; restrictions
- restrictions, xv–xvi, xxv–xxvi, xxix, 50, 107,
 110; on photographs, 98; on religious
 practice, 98, 106; trade, 85
- Retring V, 23; coup attempt, 13–15, 137,
 195–96, 199. *See also* civil war (1947)
- rGyal-rabs gsal-ba'i me-long*. *See* *Mirror
 Illuminating the Royal Genealogies*
- Richardson, Hugh, xv, 78, 133, 137, 142,
 144, 154, 148, 156, 162, 182, 196
- Rinchen Dolma (Mary Taring), 132, 199
- Rinchen Llamo, 6, 133, 196
- rinpoche*, 114, 196
- Rome, 48–9, 57, 73, 82
- ru*, 56, 159, 196
- Rugby School, 12, 136, 190
- ru-nön* temples, 55, 196
- Russia, xxi, xxv, 31, 179, 197; Leningrad,
 143; weapons, 31, 148
- sa dra*, 55, 158, 196
- Said, Edward, xiii
- Sakya: dynasty, 11, 51, 135; monastery and
 school, 185. *See also* Jamyang Sakya
- Samten Karmay, 156
- Samye monastery, 42, 196
- Sangye Gyatso, 156, 194
- Sankrityayana, Rahul, 143
- Savage Landor, Walter, 147
- Schwartz, Ronald, 130–31
- Sera Je, 14, 15, 23, 65, 137, 197. *See also*
 civil war (1947)
- Sera monastery, 1–2, 57, 64–65, 85–86,
 101, 102, 180; and cement factory,
 65–66, 166; and circle around city, 62,
 73; founding of, 57, 161; killings by, 136,

- 203; glossary entry, 197; name of, 131;
and Retring coup attempt, 14, 15
Seventeen-Point Agreement, xxiv–xxv, 38,
192, 193, 194
“The 70,000 Character Petition” (Panchen
Lama X), 130, 194
sex/sexuality, 57, 116, 171; and agriculture,
50; celibacy, 57; homosexual partners,
65, 162; marital infidelity, 11
Shakabpa, Wangchuk Deden, 5, 136, 137,
197; Chinese refutation, 142
Shakya, Tsering, 131, 133, 136, 138, 147,
152–53, 162, 165, 192
Shambhala, 186, 197
sha 'mdre, 113, 197
Shanghai, 167, 172, 176
Shangri-la, xiii, xiv, 197
Sharlho, Tseten Wangchuk, 131, 162
Shatra, 17, 24, 46–7, 53, 72, 197; family
status, 174; Ganden Paljor, 197
Shigatse, 52, 132, 153, 177, 185, 193, 202;
glossary entry, 197–98
Shingra, 8–9, 16, 198
Shöl, 62, 81, 165, 198
shops/shopping, xxviii, 24, 42, 53,
65–66, 71, 98, 102, 110, 147;
“garage” shops, 87–88, 113, 123–24;
hypermarkets, 101; in Lhasa in 1920
and 1940s, 65, 162; malls, xix, 89, 98;
setting up of, 68, 87
Shugtri Lingka (People’s Park), 67, 73, 74,
79
Sichuan, 105, 140, 172, 173, 178, 182, 193,
198, 206; boundary with TAR, 181
Sikkim, 175, 178, 184; Maharaja of, 29–30;
status, 193. *See also* Pemá Chöki
simsha. *See* New *Simsha* style
Smith, Warren, 131, 162
Snowland Hotel, 101, 117, 119, 175
soap, 28, 147. *See also* hygiene
social evolution, 50, 156–57
Sonam Gyaltzen, *Lama Dampa*, 146, 154
Sørensen, Per K., 146, 154–55, 158
Sower’s Ministry, the, 150
Spencer Chapman, Frederick, 17, 28, 138,
142, 161, 198; on dirt, 146
spies, xv, 18, 182; networks, 22–23, 142
Spring Tide, xxvi, 87–88, 168, 198
square view, 41–42, 43–46, 49, 153–56
srinmo (demoness), 55, 158–59, 188, 196,
198, 200, 205. *See also* demoness view
Srongsten Gampo, 45, 47–49, 50–51, 62,
102, 154, 156, 159, 186, 188, 193, 194,
196, 198–99
statehood, xxiv, 76. *See also* nation
State Security Bureau, xxvii, 199. *See also*
police; Public Security Bureau
Stalinism, 77, 86, 108
steel girders, 97, 169
Stein, R. A., 41, 43–44, 47, 151, 153, 159
Stoddard, Heather, 138–39
streets, layout of, xi, xii, xiii, xvi, xviii, xix,
xxvi, xxvii, 2, 9, 23, 25, 30, 61, 65, 66,
72–73, 75–76, 78–79, 83, 87, 88, 90,
91, 101, 102, 103, 104, 108, 109, 113,
117, 120, 123, 125, 146, 162, 165, 168
Strong, Anna Louise, 145, 147
Summer Palace (Norbulingka), 1, 62,
72–73, 193
Sungchöra, 8–9, 16, 21, 199
Surkhang Wangchen Gelek, 6, 19–20,
136, 141, 180–81, 199; family status,
174. *See also* Dorje Yuthok; *kalön*
Tachienlu, 133, 175
Taiwan, 88, 178, 184
Taizong, 44, 47, 83, 154–55, 191, 199
Takla, Namgyal Lhamo, 133; T. N., 139.
See also Phuntsog Tashi
Taktra, Ngawang Sungrab Thutob, 196,
199
Taktser family, 174; village, 194
Tang dynasty, 44, 201, 203. *See also*
Taizong; Wencheng
Taring: Jigme, 199–200; family status,
174; *Zasak*, 66–67, 162. *See also*
Rinchen Dolma
TAR (Tibet Autonomous Region), xxv,
xxxv, 177, 195, 201; boundary with
Sichuan, 181; governor, 192
Tashi Dawa, 171
Tashi Khedrup. *See dobdobs*
Tashi Palden, 169
Tashi Tsering (builder): 81–82, 165–66, 200
Tashi Tsering (dancer/writer), 18, 65–66,
78, 81, 110, 133, 139, 162, 200
Tashi Tsering (historian), 133, 200
tea, 21, 36, 52, 65, 113, 118, 202; teashops,
80, 82, 109, 113, 123
technology; telegraph. *See*
communications technology; Internet
television, xix, xxvi, 33, 50, 80, 93–94, 102,
103, 136–37, 157–58, 190. *See also* films
temple construction: and demoness view,

- temple construction (*continued*)
 47, 55–56, 57, 58, 159; and square view,
 46; and Wencheng as civilizer, 48, 49
 Tengyeling monastery, sacking of, 11–12,
 136, 180, 200
 Tenzin (Danzim, former TAR Deputy
 Party Secretary), 134, 168
 Tethong: family status, 174; Gyurme
 Gyatsho, 200; Tomjor Wangchuk, 19,
 20, 141, 200
 Thandul temples, 55–56, 58, 159, 200
 Tharchin, Gergan Dorje (Tharchin *Babu*),
 18, 150, 200–201. *See also* Melong
 Thieves' Island (Gumalingka), 2, 80, 90,
 115, 116, 184
 Third Plenary (1978), 38, 152, 201
 Thomas, Lowell, 145
thupa, 113, 201
 Tiananmen Square, 79, 81–82, 85
 Tibet, glossary entry, 201
 Tibet, status of, xxii–xxv, 51, 130, 178, 204–
 5; as colonial or not, xxv, xxxvi, 104,
 130, 170; analogies with Scotland, 76;
 British view of, xxiv; and Wencheng,
 157. *See also* Chinese sovereignty
 claims; *chöd yön*
 Tibetan exiles. *See* exiles
 Tibetan Uprising (1959), xxvi, 34, 38, 74,
 157, 163, 177, 189, 191, 201–2; Bathang
 uprisings, 175; Kham plan, 19, 174;
 “Remembering March 10th” (Oeser),
 172
 Tibetan worldviews: demoness view, 47,
 51–53, 55–58, 158–159; square view,
 41–42, 43–46, 49, 153–56; Wencheng
 as civilizer, 47–52, 157–58
 Tibet Autonomous Region (TAR), xxv, 177;
 glossary entry, 201
Tibet Daily (Xizang Ribao), 90, 135, 168, 204
 Tibet Heritage Fund, 141, 162–63
 Tibet Progressive Party (Improvement
 Party), 139, 183, 188
 Tiley Chodag, 48–49, 156, 158
Times, The (London), 27, 31, 144, 148, 149,
 189
 toilets/sewage, 88, 92, 164, 169; and
 foreign views, 92, 169. *See* hygiene
 Tölung, 73, 79, 142
 tourism: and architectural style, 91–92;
 and Chinese presence/influence, xxix,
 105–6; as pillar industry, 91; and urban
 expansion, 71–72, 91–92
 tourists, xvi, xvii, 8–9; allowed in Lhasa
 hotels, 175; Chinese, 105; from Nepal,
 181; as source of trouble, 88–89;
 statistics, 105; views of Tibetans, 133; as
 witnesses, xviii, xxvii, 8–9, 33–34, 52,
 62–64
 Tournier, Michel, 50
 trade: and British invasion (1904), xxii,
 31; British Agents, 145, 196; and
 Chinese annexation (1950), 65–66;
 and pre-1950 Lhasa, 18, 65, 162;
 private, 190; routes, 184, 186, 194; and
 United States, 85, 166. *See also* market
 economization
 Trandrug, 159
 treaty: with British (1904), xxii, 20–21;
 with Beijing (1906), xxii; with China
 (822), 159, 161; Simla (1913–14),
 175, 197. *See also* Seventeen-Point
 Agreement
 trees, 77–78, 86, 103, 113, 165, 190;
 logging, 86, 167
 Trimon, 136
 Trisong Detsen, King, 151, 153, 154, 178,
 196
 Tromsikhang, 20, 23, 43, 69, 141, 163,
 202; new market building, 72, 88
trulku, 185, 193, 202; first, 187; *gyetru*, 185,
 199; *labrang*, 188
tsampa, 5, 99, 203
 Tsang, 127, 159, 182, 197, 202
 Tsarong Wangchuk Gyalpo, 133, 174, 202–
 3; family status, 174; “New” Tsarong,
 Dasang Damdrul, 202
 Tsashagpa, 136, 203
 Tsel monastery, 161
 Tsethang, 195, 205
 Tsewang Pemba, 133
tsipön, 136, 197, 203
 Tsongkhapa, 57, 58, 62, 123, 132, 161, 181,
 197, 203; and Gendun Drub, 179
 Tuanjie xincun, 98–99, 203
 Tucci, Giuseppe, 29, 155–56, 191, 203
 turnips, 50–51, 126, 156
 Tuttle, Gray, 151, 152, 172
 Tu-yu-huan, 155
 Ü, 43, 177, 182, 202, 203
 Uighurs, 45, 155, 203–4; progressives, 139
 underground, 67–69
 UNESCO, 91, 195
 United Front, 175

- United States: Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), 18, 150; and Chinese annexation (1950), xxiv; Chinese diplomat in, 140; and Chinese human rights abuses, 85, 166; Dalai Lama visit (1987), xxvii; delegation (1948), 197; flight to, 181, 185, 192, 199; guns, 65; policy toward Tibet, xxiv; return from, 65, 162; tourists and visitors, xviii, 80, 134, 144
- Uprising (1959). *See* Tibetan Uprising
- Uray, Geza, 153, 159
- urban expansion, 1–2, 71–75; and boulevards, 77–78; and concrete, 85–86, 166–67; and ethnic divisions, 75, 164; and grid structure, 73–74, 75–77; and hygiene, 92, 169; and market economization, 77, 87–88, 89–91, 167–68; modernist style, 86–88, 89, 90; monumental style, 78–79, 81–83, 165–66; multilayered nature of, 123–25; New Tibetan style, 91–92; pre-1980s, 72, 73–74, 164; and protests, 81–82, 165–66; resources on, 162–66; studies, xvi; Tibetan attitudes toward, 114–16; and tourism, 8, 71–72, 91–92. *See also* indigenous aesthetics
- USSR/Soviet Union, 152, 174
- Vairocana, 154
- visuality. *See* Chinese official discourse
- Waddell, L. Austine, xxx–xxxii, 28, 36, 144, 146, 148, 149, 204; and bees, 145; on dirt, 146; and soap, 28, 147
- Wang Lixiong, 150–51, 171, 172
- Washington, DC, xxvii, 85
- Weise. *See* Oeser
- Wencheng, 57, 62, 67, 99, 102, 154–55, 183, 196; as civilizer, 47–52, 157–58; and demoness view, 53, 55, 57, 124, 188; films and plays, 157–58; glossary entry, 204; resources on, 157–58
- Western writings. *See* foreign writers
- Work Forum on Tibet: Second National (1984), 162
- work unit. *See* *danwei*
- Xi'an (Chang'an), 2, 45, 204
- Xianzudao*, 99, 101, 204
- Xinhua, 164, 165, 204
- Xirab Nyima (Xiraonima), 142, 149–50
- Xizang Ribao*. *See* *Tibet Daily*
- yabshi*, 174
- Yak Hotel, xviii, 175
- yaks: deaths in 1904 invasion, 149; skull, 113–14. *See* Golden Yaks
- Yamen, 20–21, 23, 142, 204
- Yangdron, 136–37
- Yangdul* temples, 56, 58, 159, 205
- Yarlung, 42, 187, 196, 198, 205
- Yeh, Emily, 160
- Yi nationality, 157
- Yonten Gyatso, 160–61
- Younghusband, Francis, 31–33, 106, 107, 138; and adventurism, xxi–xxii, xxiv, 37; and *ambans*, 20; and Chumik Shenko massacre, 148–49; epiphany, 32, 150, glossary entry, 205; and moral dualism, 32–33, 146; motivations of, xxi, 32; resources on, 130, 144. *See also* British invasion (1904); treaty
- Youtai, 21, 205
- Yuan dynasty, 51, 205. *See also* Mongol dynasty
- Yuthok, Tashi Dondrup, 11, 19, 177, 181; family status, 174; mansion, 74, 102, 170. *See also* Dorje Yuthok
- Yuthok Lam, 102–3, 170; bridge, 102–3
- zasak*, 162, 205. *See also* Taring, *Zasak*
- Zhang Yintang, 140, 165, 205; as flower, 165
- Zhikpo Lingpa, 160
- Zhongguo, 44, 205–6
- Zhou Enlai, 130, 157
- Zorge, 105, 206

ASIA PERSPECTIVES

HISTORY, SOCIETY, AND CULTURE

A series of the East Asian Institute, Columbia University, published by Columbia University Press

Carol Gluck, Editor

Comfort Women: Sexual Slavery in the Japanese Military During World War II,
by Yoshimi Yoshiaki, tr. Suzanne O'Brien

The World Turned Upside Down: Medieval Japanese Society,
by Pierre François Souyri, tr. Käthe Roth

Yoshimasa and the Silver Pavilion: The Creation of the Soul of Japan,
by Donald Keene

Geisha, Harlot, Strangler, Star: The Story of a Woman, Sex, and Morality in Modern Japan,
by William Johnston

